SECTION REAR SUSPENSION

А

В

С

D

RSU

CONTENTS

PRECAUTIONS	2
Cautions	
PREPARATION	3
Special Service Tools (SST)	3
Commercial Service Tools	
NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH)	
TROUBLESHOOTING	4
NVH Troubleshooting Chart	4
REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY	5
On-Vehicle Inspection and Service	
INSPECTION OF SUSPENSION ARM BALL	
JOINT END PLAY	5
SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION	
Wheel Alignment Inspection	
DESCRIPTION	
PRELIMINARY CHECK	
CAMBER INSPECTION	5
TOE-IN	6
Components	7
Removal and Installation	8
REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION	8
SHOCK ABSORBER	
Removal and Installation	9
REMOVAL	9
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	9
INSTALLATION	9
Disassembly and Assembly	9
DISASSEMBLY	
INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY	10
ASSEMBLY	10

SUSPENSION ARM 11	F
Removal and Installation11	
REMOVAL 11	
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	G
INSTALLATION12	0
RADIUS ROD13	
Removal and Installation13	
REMOVAL	Н
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION13	
FRONT LOWER LINK14	
Removal and Installation14	
REMOVAL14	
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL14	J
INSTALLATION14	
REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING	
Removal and Installation15	K
REMOVAL15	n
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION15	
STABILIZER BAR16	L
Removal and Installation16	
REMOVAL16	
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	M
INSTALLATION16	
REAR SUSPENSION MEMBER17	
Removal and Installation17	
REMOVAL17	
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
INSTALLATION17	
SERVICE DATA18	
Wheel Alignment18	
Ball Joint	
Wheelarch Height (Unladen*)18	

PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS

Cautions

PFP:00001

AES000MF

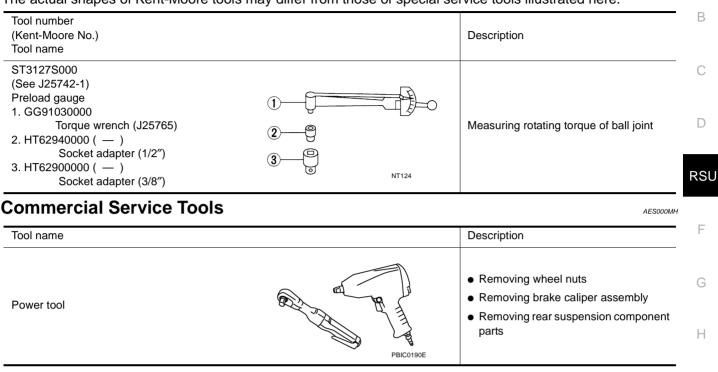
- When installing rubber bushings, final tightening must be carried out under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Oil will shorten the life of rubber bushings. Be sure to wipe off any spilled oil.
- Unladen conditions means that fuel, engine coolant and lubricant are full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats are in designated positions.
- After servicing suspension parts, be sure to check wheel alignment.
- Caulking nuts are not reusable. Always use new ones when installing. Since new caulking nuts are preoiled, tighten as they are.

PREPARATION

PREPARATION

Special Service Tools (SST)

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.



I

Κ

L

PFP:00002

AES000MG

А

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING NVH Troubleshooting Chart

PFP:00003

AES000MI

Use chart below to help you find the cause of the symptom. If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

Reference page			RSU-7	RSU-9	I	I	I	RSU-7	RSU-5	<u>RSU-16</u>	NVH in PR section	NVH in RFD section	NVH in FAX and FSU section	NVH in WT section	NVH in WT section	NVH in RAX section	NVH in BR section	NVH in PS section
Possible cause and SUSPECTED PARTS		Improper installation, looseness	Shock absorber deformation, damage or deflection	Bushing or mounting deterioration	Parts interference	Spring fatigue	Suspension looseness	Incorrect wheel alignment	Stabilizer bar fatigue	PROPELLER SHAFT	DIFFERENTIAL	FRONT AXLE AND FRONT SUSPENSION	TIRES	ROAD WHEEL	DRIVE SHAFT	BRAKES	STEERING	
		Noise	×	×	×	×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
	REAR SUSPENSION	Shake	×	×	×	×		×			×		×	×	×	×	×	×
		Vibration	×	×	×	×	×				×		×	×		×		×
Symptom		Shimmy	×	×	×	×			×				×	×	×		×	×
		Judder	×	×	×								×	×	×		×	×
		Poor quality ride or handling	×	×	×	×	×		×	×			×	×	×			

×: Applicable

REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY

REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY

On-Vehicle Inspection and Service

Make sure the mounting conditions (looseness, back lash) of each component and component status (wear, damage) are normal.

INSPECTION OF SUSPENSION ARM BALL JOINT END PLAY

Measure axial end play by installing and moving up/down between suspension arm and axle with an iron pry bar or something similar.

Axial end play : 0 mm (0 in)

CAUTION:

Be careful not to damage ball joint boot.

SHOCK ABSORBER INSPECTION

Check shock absorber for oil leakage, damage and replace if necessary.

Wheel Alignment Inspection **DESCRIPTION**

Measure wheel alignment under unladen conditions. "Unladen conditions" mean that fuel, engine coolant, and lubricant are full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats are in designated positions.

PRELIMINARY CHECK

- 1. Check tires for improper air pressure and wear.
- 2. Check road wheels for runout.
- 3. Check wheel bearing axial end play.
- 4. Check suspension arm ball joint axial end play.
- 5. Check shock absorber operation.
- 6. Check each mounting part of axle and suspension for looseness and deformation.
- 7. Check each link, arm and member for cracks, deformation, and other damage.
- 8. Check vehicle posture.

CAMBER INSPECTION

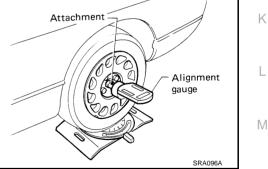
Measure camber of both right and left wheels with a suitable alignment gauge and adjust in accordance with the following procedures.

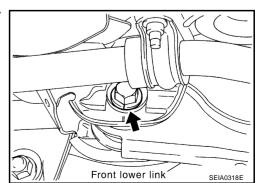
Camber : Refer to <u>PS-46, "SERVICE DATA AND SPEC-</u> IFICATIONS (SDS)".

If outside the standard value, adjust with adjusting bolt in front lower link.

NOTE:

After adjusting camber, be sure to check toe-in.





F

Н

AES000MK

RSU

А

PFP:55020

AES000MJ

TOE-IN

Measure toe-in using following procedure. If out of the specification, inspect and replace any damaged or worn rear suspension parts.

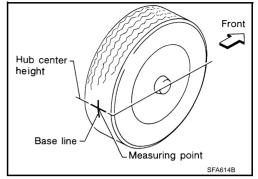
WARNING:

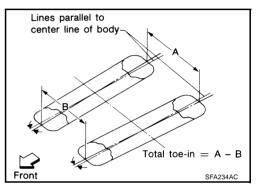
- Always perform following procedure on a flat surface.
- Make sure that no person is in front of vehicle before pushing it.
- 1. Bounce rear of vehicle up and down to stabilize the posture.
- 2. Push vehicle straight ahead about 5 m (16 ft).
- 3. Put a mark on base line of the tread (rear side) of both tires at the same height of hub center. These are measuring points.
- 4. Measure distance "A" (rear side).
- 5. Push vehicle slowly ahead to rotate wheels 180 degrees (1/2 turn).

If wheels have rotated more than 180 degrees (1/2 turn), try the above procedure again from the beginning. Never push vehicle backward.

6. Measure distance "B" (front side).

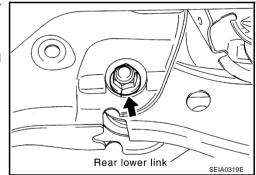
Total toe-in : Refer to <u>PS-46</u>, "SERVICE DATA AND <u>SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)"</u>.



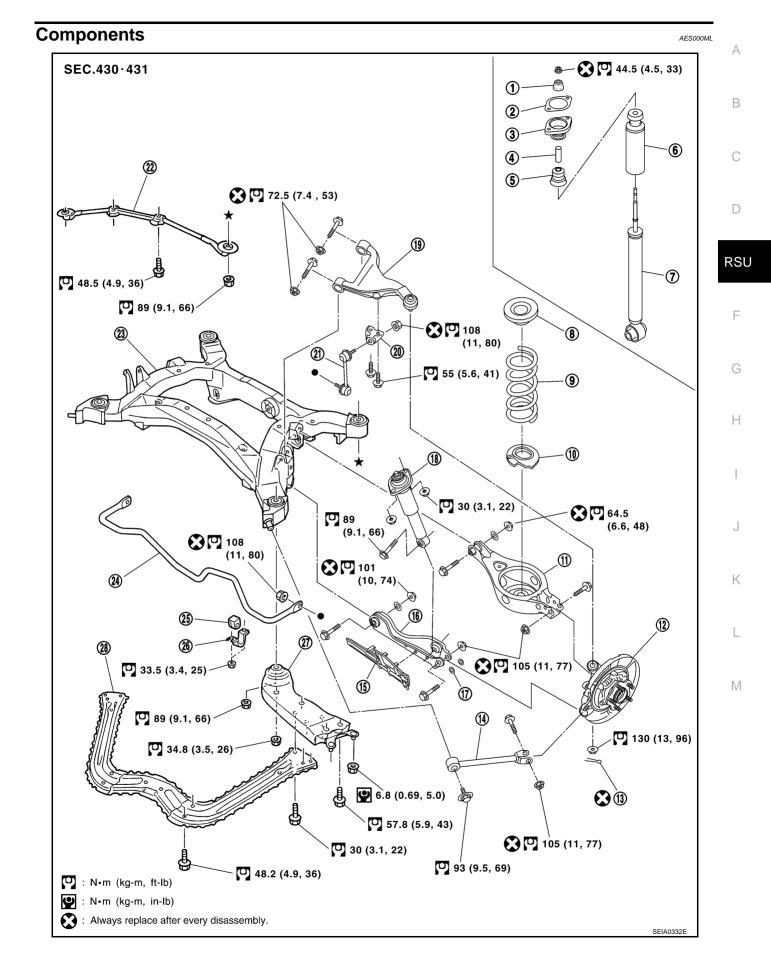


If outside the standard value, adjust with adjusting bolt in rear lower link.
 CAUTION:

Be sure to adjust equally on RH and LH side with adjusting bolt.



REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY



8. Upper seat

2

5.

10. Rubber seat

Bushing

Distance tube

Shock absorber

1

4.

7.

- 13. Cotter pin
- 16. Front lower link
- 19. Suspension arm
- 22. Rear pin stay
- 25. Stabilizer bushing
- 28. Tunnel stay

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire with power tool.
- Remove brake caliper with power tool. Hang it in a place where it will not interfere with work. Refer to <u>BR-25</u>, "REAR DISC BRAKE".

REAR SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY

20. Stabilizer connecting rod mounting

Mounting seal

11. Rear lower link

14. Radius rod

bracket

26. Stabilizer clamp

17. Stopper

Bound bumper cover

23. Rear suspension member

NOTE:

Avoid depressing brake pedal while brake caliper is removed.

- 3. Remove wheel sensor from rear final drive, then remove wheel sensor harness from rear suspension member.
- 4. Remove center muffler and main muffler. Refer to EX-3, "Removal and Installation" .
- 5. Remove stabilizer bar. Refer to RSU-16, "Removal and Installation" .
- 6. Remove rear propeller shaft. Refer to PR-8, "Removal and Installation" .
- 7. Separate attachments between parking brake cable and vehicle and rear suspension member.
- 8. Remove rear lower link and coil spring. Refer to <u>RSU-15</u>, "Removal and Installation".
- 9. Remove fixing bolt in lower side of shock absorber with power tool.
- 10. Set jack under rear final drive.
- 11. Remove fixing bolts and nuts of tunnel stay and member stay with power tool, then remove those parts from vehicle.
- 12. Remove fixing bolts and nuts of rear pin stay with power tool and then remove rear pin stay from vehicle.
- 13. Gradually lowering jack, remove rear suspension assembly.

INSTALLATION

 Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal. NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform final tightening of installation position of links (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "Wheel Alignment Inspection".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>.

Revision; 2004 April

- 3. Mounting seal bracket
- 6. Bound bumper
- 9. Coil spring
 - 12. Axle
- 15. Front lower link protector
- 18. Shock absorber assembly
- 21. Stabilizer connecting rod
- 24. Stabilizer bar
- 27. Member stay

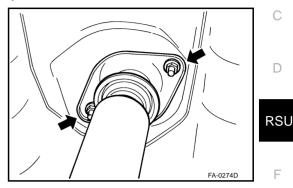
AES000MM

SHOCK ABSORBER

SHOCK ABSORBER

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire with power tool.
- 2. Set jack under rear lower link.
- 3. Remove fixing bolt in lower side of shock absorber assembly with power tool.
- 4. Remove fixing nuts in upper side of shock absorber assembly with power tool and remove shock absorber assembly from vehicle.



INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

- Check shock absorber assembly for deformation, cracks, or damage, and replace if necessary.
- Check piston rod for damage, uneven wear, or distortion, and replace if necessary.
- Check welded and sealed areas for oil leakage, and replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform final tightening of shock absorber assembly lower side (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "Wheel Alignment Inspection".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-</u> J ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position".

Disassembly and Assembly DISASSEMBLY

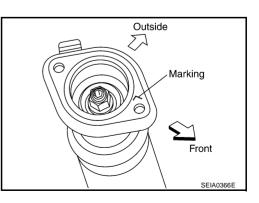
CAUTION:

Make sure piston rod on shock absorber is not damaged when removing components from shock absorber.

- 1. Remove mounting seal from mounting seal bracket.
- 2. Wrap a shop cloth around lower side of shock absorber and fix it in a vise. **CAUTION:**

Do not set the cylindrical part of shock absorber in vise.

- 3. Fix piston rod with hexagon wrench, and remove piston rod lock nut.
- 4. Remove mounting seal bracket, bushing, distance tube, bound bumper cover and bound bumper from shock absorber.



А

В

Н

K

L

Μ

AES000MO

SHOCK ABSORBER

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

Bound Bumper and Bushing

Check bound bumper and bushing for cracks, deformation or other damage. Replace if necessary.

ASSEMBLY

- Refer to <u>RSU-7</u>, "Components" for tightening torque. Assembly in the reverse order of disassembly.
 NOTE:
 - Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.
 - Make sure piston rod on shock absorber is not damaged when attaching components to shock absorber.

SUSPENSION ARM

SI	USPENSION ARM PFP:55501
	emoval and Installation AESOOMP
RE	EMOVAL
1.	Remove tire with power tool.
2.	Remove stabilizer connecting rod mounting bracket from suspension arm with power tool.
3.	Remove drive shaft from vehicle. (VK45DE models) Refer to RAX-9, "Removal and Installation".
4.	Remove cotter pin of suspension arm ball joint, and loosen nut.
5.	Use a ball joint remover (suitable tool) to remove suspension arm from axle. Be careful not to damage ball joint boot.
	CAUTION:
	Tighten temporarily mounting nut to prevent damage to threads and to prevent ball joint remover (suitable tool) from coming off.
6.	Remove fixing nuts and bolts between suspension arm and rear suspension member with power tool.
7.	Remove suspension arm from vehicle.
IN	SPECTION AFTER REMOVAL
Vis	sual Inspection
•	Check suspension arm and bushing for deformation, cracks, or damage. If any non-standard condition is found, replace it.
•	Check boot of ball joint for cracks, or damage, and also for grease leakage.
Ba	all Joint Inspection
	anually move ball stud to confirm it moves smoothly with no binding.
	ving Torque Inspection
	DTE:
-	sfore measuring, move ball joint at least ten times by hand to check for smooth movement.
•	Hook a spring scale at cotter pin mounting hole. Confirm spring scale measurement value is within the specifications when ball stud begins moving.
	Swing torque: Spring scale
	0.5 – 3.4 N⋅m (0.06 – 0.34 kg-m, 5 – 30 in-lb)
	Measured value of spring scale:

9.7 - 66.0 N (0.99 - 6.7 kg, 2.18 - 14.8 lb)

If it is outside the specified range, replace suspension arm assembly.

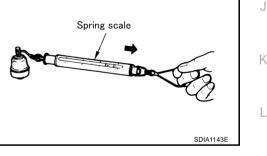
Rotating Torque Inspection

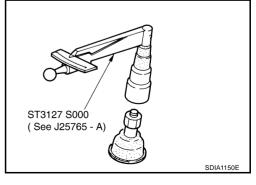
Attach mounting nut to ball stud. Make sure rotating torque is within the specifications with a preload gauge (SST).

Rotating torque:

0.5 - 3.4 N·m (0.06 - 0.34 kg-m, 5 - 30 in-lb)

If it is outside the specified range, replace suspension arm assembly.





Axial End Play Inspection

Move tip of ball joint in axial direction to check for looseness.

: 0 mm (0 in) Axial end play

If it is outside the specified range, replace suspension arm assembly.

Revision; 2004 April

Μ

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7</u>, "Components" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform final tightening of rear suspension member installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "<u>Wheel Alignment Inspection</u>".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>.

RADIUS ROD

R/	ADIUS ROD PFP:55110	
	emoval and Installation AESODOMQ	
1.	Remove tire with power tool.	
2.	Set jack under rear lower link.	
3.	Remove fixing bolt and nut in axle side of radius rod.	
4.	Remove fixing bolt in rear suspension member side of radius rod with power tool, then remove radius rod from vehicle.	
INS	SPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
Ch	eck radius rod and bushing for any deformation, cracks, or damage. Replace if necessary.	
INS	STALLATION	
•	Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.	F
	NOTE:	
	Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.	
•	Perform final tightening of rear suspension member and axle installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u> , "Wheel Alignment Inspection".	
•	After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u> .	

L

Κ

FRONT LOWER LINK

FRONT LOWER LINK

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire with power tool.
- 2. Set jack under rear lower link.
- 3. Remove front lower link protector.
- 4. Remove shock absorber assembly from vehicle. Refer to RSU-9, "Removal and Installation" .
- 5. Remove fixing nut and bolt between front lower link and axle with power tool.
- 6. Remove fixing nut and bolt between front lower link and rear suspension member with power tool.
- 7. Remove front lower link from vehicle.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check front lower link and bushing for any deformation, crack, or damage. Replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7</u>, "Components" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

- Perform final tightening of rear suspension member and axle installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u>, "Wheel Alignment <u>Inspection</u>".
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u>.

PFP:55110

REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING

REAR LOWER LINK & COIL SPRING

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove tire with power tool.
- 2. Set jack under rear lower link.
- 3. Loosen fixing bolt and nut of rear lower link in side of suspension member, and then remove fixing bolt and nut in side of axle with power tool.
- 4. Slowly lower jack, then remove upper seat, coil spring and rubber sheet from rear lower link.
- 5. Remove fixing bolt and nut in side of rear suspension member to remove rear lower link with power tool.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check rear lower link, bushing and coil spring for deformation, cracks, and damage. Replace rear lower link and coil spring if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

Check that upper seat is attached as shown in the figure.

NOTE:

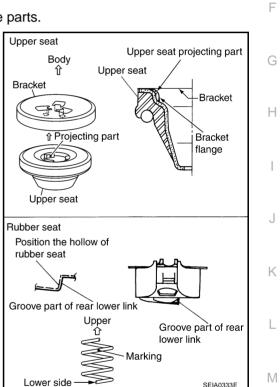
Insert bracket into upper seat with setting three tabs of upper seat to the projecting part of bracket beforehand as shown in the figure.

Match up rubber seat indentions and rear lower link grooves and attach.

NOTE:

Make sure spring is not upside down. The top and bottom are indicated by paint color.

- Perform final tightening of rear suspension member and axle installation position (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5, "Wheel Alignment Inspection"</u>.
- After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6</u>, "Adjustment of Steering Angle <u>Sensor Neutral Position</u>".



RSU

D

А

В

PFP:551B0

AES000MS

STABILIZER BAR

STABILIZER BAR

Removal and Installation REMOVAL

- 1. Remove center muffler from vehicle. Refer to EX-3, "Removal and Installation".
- 2. Remove fixing bolts and remove stabilizer connecting rod mount bracket from suspension arm with power tool.
- 3. Remove lower side fixing nut on stabilizer connecting rod and remove stabilizer connecting rod from stabilizer bar with power tool.
- 4. Remove fixing nuts on stabilizer clamps and remove stabilizer from vehicle with power tool.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

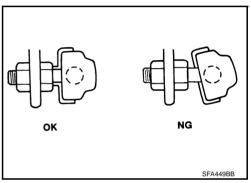
Check stabilizer bar, stabilizer bushings, stabilizer clamps, stabilizer connecting rod, stabilizer connecting rod mounting bracket for any deformation, cracks or damage. Replace if necessary.

INSTALLATION

Refer to <u>RSU-7</u>, "<u>Components</u>" for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.
 NOTE:

Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.

• Stabilizer bar uses pillow ball type connecting rod, position ball joint with case on pillow ball head parallel to stabilizer bar.



PFP:56230

AES000MT

REAR SUSPENSION MEMBER

RE	EAR SUSPENSION MEMBER PFP:55501	
	moval and Installation AESODOMU	A
1.		5
2.	Remove brake caliper with power tool. Hang it in a place where it will not interfere with work. Refer to <u>BR-25</u> , "REAR DISC BRAKE".	В
	NOTE:	С
	Avoid depressing brake pedal while brake caliper is removed.	0
3.	Remove wheel sensor from rear final drive, then remove wheel sensor harness from rear suspension member. Refer to <u>BRC-70, "WHEEL SENSORS"</u> .	D
4.	Remove center muffler and main muffler. Refer to EX-3, "EXHAUST SYSTEM".	D
5.	Remove stabilizer bar. Refer to RSU-16, "Removal and Installation".	
6.	Remove rear drive shaft. Refer to RAX-9, "REAR DRIVE SHAFT" .	RSU
7.	Remove rear final drive. Refer to RFD-11, "REAR FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY".	
8.	Separate attachments between parking brake cable and vehicle and rear suspension member. Refer to <u>PB-3, "PARKING BRAKE CONTROL"</u> .	F
9.	Remove rear lower link and coil spring. Refer to RSU-15, "Removal and Installation".	
10.	Remove fixing bolt in lower side of shock absorber with power tool.	
11.	Set jack under rear suspension member.	G
12.	Remove fixing bolts and nuts of tunnel stay and member stay with power tool, then remove those parts from vehicle.	
13.	Remove fixing bolts and nuts of rear pin stay with power tool and then remove rear pin stay from vehicle.	Н
14.	Slowly lowering jack, then remove rear suspension member, suspension arm, radius rod, front lower link and axle from vehicle as a unit.	
15.	Remove fixing bolts and nuts with power tool, then remove suspension arm, front lower link, and radius rod from rear suspension member.	
INS	SPECTION AFTER REMOVAL	
Ch	eck rear suspension member for deformation, cracks, and other damage and replace if necessary.	J
INS	STALLATION	
•	Refer to <u>RSU-7, "Components"</u> for tightening torque. Install in the reverse order of removal.	Κ
	NOTE: Refer to component parts location and do not reuse non-reusable parts.	
•	Perform final tightening of installation position of links (rubber bushing) under unladen conditions with tires on level ground. Check wheel alignment. Refer to <u>RSU-5</u> , "Wheel Alignment Inspection".	L
•	After adjusting wheel alignment, adjust neutral position of steering angle sensor. Refer to <u>BRC-6, "Adjust-ment of Steering Angle Sensor Neutral Position"</u> .	M

SERVICE DATA

SERVICE DATA Wheel Alignment

PFP:00030

Camber Degree minute (Decimal degree)		Minimum	- 1° 18′ (- 1.30°) - 0° 48′ (- 0.80°)			
		Nominal				
		Maximum	- 0° 18′ (- 0.30°)			
Total toe-in		Minimum	2.4 mm (0.094 in)			
	Distance (A – B)	Nominal	4.7 mm (0.185 in)			
		Maximum	7.0 mm (0.276 in)			
		Minimum	0°05′ (0.08°)			
	Angle (left plus right) Degree minute (Degree)	Nominal	0°10′ (0.17°)			
		Maximum	0°15′ (0.25°)			

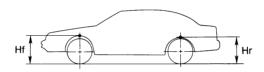
Ball Joint

Axial end play	0 mm (0 in)
Swing torque	0.5 – 3.4 N⋅m (0.06 – 0.34 kg-m, 5 – 30 in-lb)
Measurement on spring balance (cotter pinhole position)	9.7 - 66.0 N (0.99 - 6.7 kg, 2.18 - 14.8 lb)
Rotating torque	0.5 – 3.4 N⋅m (0.06 – 0.34 kg-m, 5 – 30 in-lb)

Wheelarch Height (Unladen*)

AES000MX

AES000MW



SFA016A									
Destination			USA			Canada			
Engine		VQ3	35DE		VK45DE	VQ3	VK45DE		
Axle	2WD AWD						AWD		
Tire size	265/60R18	265/50R20	265/60R18	265/5	50R20	265/60R18	265/50R20		
Front (Hf)	835 mm (32.87 in)	834 mm (32.83 in)	834 mm (32.83 in)	833 mm (32.80 in)	832 mm (32.76 in)	834 mm (32.83 in)	833 mm (32.80 in)	832 mm (32.76 in)	
Rear (Hr)	822 mm (32.36 in)	821 mm (32.32 in)	829 mm (32.64 in)	827 mm (32.56 in)	825 mm (32.48 in)	827 mm (32.56 in)	826 mm (32.52 in)	823 mm (32.40 in)	

SEV010V

*: Fuel, engine coolant and engine oil full. Spare tire, jack, hand tools and mats are in designated positions.